





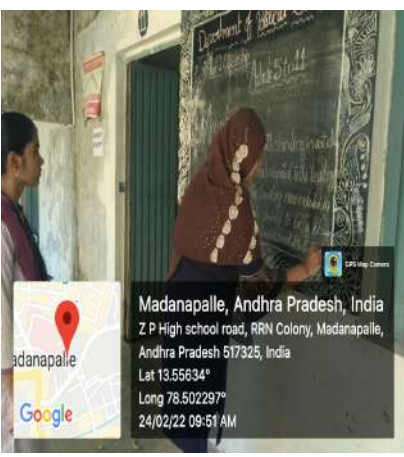







GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, MADANAPALLE


DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE BEST PRACTICES, 2021-22 LEARN AN ARTICLE A DAY






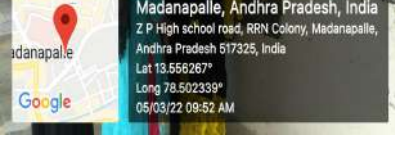
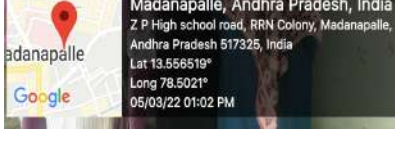



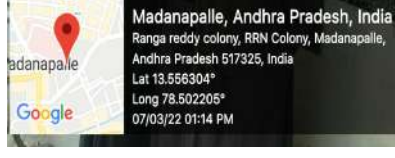
S. No.	DATE	MATTER/ARTICLE	CLASS INCHARGE	Photos
1	2/16/2022	Inaugurated the Best Practice of Department of Political Science "An Article A Day" by Dr. R. Krishnaveni Principal, Constitution when Adopted in 1950: 1. Articles 395 2. Schedules 8 3. Parts 22	Final Year	
2	2/17/2022	Constitution present it Contains : 1. Articles 448 2. Schedules 12 3. Parts 25	Second Year	




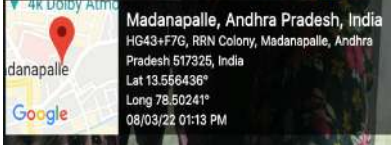

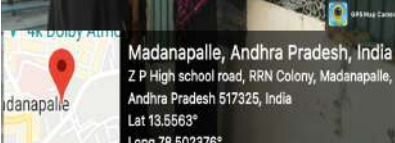






3	2/18/2022	<p>Part I The Union & its Territories {Articles 1 to 4}</p> <p>According to Article - 1 1. India, that is Bharat, shall be a Union of States.</p> <p>2. The States and the Territories there it shall be as specified in the First Schedule.</p> <p>3. The Territory of India shall comprise</p>	First Year			
4	2/19/2022	<p>Part I The Union & its Territories {Articles 1 to 4}</p> <p>According to Article - 2 Parliament may by Law Admit into the Union or establish, new state on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit.</p> <p>2(A) Sikkim to be associated with the Union Rep by the Constitution 36th Amendment Act 1975</p>	Final Year			
5	2/21/2022	<p>Part I The Union & its Territories {Articles 1 to 4}</p> <p>According to Article - 3 Parliament may by Law (A) Form a new State by Separation of Territory from any State or by uniting two or more states or parts of states or by uniting any territory to a part of any state.</p>	Second Year			












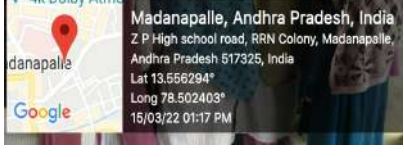
6	2/22/2022	<p>Part I The Union & its Territories {Articles 1 to 4}</p> <p>According to Article - 4 (1) Any law referred to in article 2 or Article 3 shall contain such provisions for the Amendment of the first Schedule and the Fourth Schedule as may be necessary to give effect to the provision of the law and may also provisions (including provision as to representation in parliament and in the legislature or legislatures of the state or states affected by such law) as parliament may deem necessary (2) No such Law as aforesaid shall be deemed to be an Amendment of his Constitution for the purpose of Article. 368</p>	First Year				
7	2/23/2022	<p>Part II CITIZENSHIP {Articles 5 to 11}</p> <p>According to Article - 5 At the Commencement of this Constitution, every person who has his domicile in the Territory of India</p>	Final Year				
8	2/24/2022	<p>Part II CITIZENSHIP {Articles 5 to 11}</p> <p>According to Article - 6 Notwithstanding anything in Article 5 a person who has migrated to the territory of India from the Territory now included in Pakistan shall be deemed to be a citizen of India at the commencement of this Constitution.</p>	Second Year				





9	2/25/2022	<p>Part II CITIZENSHIP {Articles 5 to 11}</p> <p>According to Article - 7. Not With standing anything in the Article 5 & 6, a person who has after the first day March, 1947. Migrated from the Territory of India to the Territory now included in Pakisthan shall not be deemed to be a Citizen of India.</p>	First Year		 <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z.P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556917° Long 78.502466° 25/02/22 01:02 PM</p>		
10	2/26/2022	<p>Part II CITIZENSHIP {Articles 5 to 11}</p> <p>According to Article - 8. Not with standing any thing in Article 5, any person who are either of whos parents or any of whos grand parent was born in india as defined in the government of India Act, 1935 (as originally enacted). and who is ordinarily residing in any country out side india has been register as a citizen of india by the diplomatic or consular representative on indaijn the country where his is for time being residing on an consular representative, whether before or after the commencement of this Constitution, in the form and manner presscribed by the Government of the dominion of india or the Government of India.</p>	Final Year		 <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Ranga reddy colony, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556163° Long 78.502101° 26/02/22 01:08 PM</p>		





11	2/28/2022	<p>Part II CITIZENSHIP {Articles 5 to 11}</p> <p>According to Article - 9. No person shall be a citizen of India by Virtue of Article 5, or be deemed to be a citizen of India by virtue of Article 6 or Article 8, if he voluntarily acquired the citizenship of any foreign state.</p>	Second Year				
12	3/2/2022	<p>Part II CITIZENSHIP {Articles 5 to 11}</p> <p>According to Article - 10. Every person who is or is deemed to be a Citizen of India under any of the foregoing provisions of any law that may be made by parliament, continue to be such citizen .</p>	First Year				
13	3/3/2022	<p>Part II CITIZENSHIP {Articles 5 to 11}</p> <p>According to Article - 11. Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this part shall de - rogate from the power of parliament to make any provision with respect to the acquisition to make termination of citizenship and all other matters relating to citizenship .</p>	Second Year				






14	3/4/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article - 12 . In this part, unless the context otherwise requires, " the state " includes the Government and parliament of India and the Government and the legislature of each of the states and all local o other authorities with in the territory of India or under the Control of the Government of India .</p>	First Year	 	 		
15	3/5/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article - 13 . [1] All laws in force in the territory of India immediately before the commencement of this Constitution, in so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this part, shall, to the extent of such inconsist ency, be void .</p>	Final Year	 	 		
16	3/7/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -13. [2] The state shall not make any law which takes away or a bridge the rights conferred by this part and any law made in contravention of this clause shall, to the extent of the contravention , be void.</p>	Second Year	 	 		








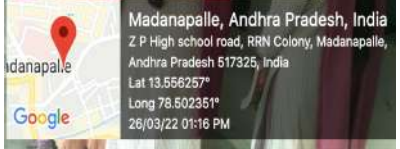




17	3/8/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -13. [3] In this article shall apply to any amendment of this Constitution made under Article [368].</p> <p>[4] In this Article , unless the context otherwise requires,- [a] "Law " [b] "Laws inforce"</p>	First Year	 	 		
18	3/9/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -14. The State shall not deny to any person equality before the law or the equal India.</p>	Final Year	 	 		
19	3/10/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -15. The State shall not discriminate against any citizen on grounds only of of them.</p>	Second Year	 	 		

20	3/11/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -16. There shall be equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the</p>	First Year	  <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556471° Long 78.502248° 11/03/22 09:57 AM</p>	  <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India HG43+F7G, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556555° Long 78.502476° 11/03/22 01:06 PM</p>		
21	3/14/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -17. Abolition of Untouchability : "Untouchability" is abolished and its practice in any form is for bidden. The enforcement of any disability arising out of "Untouchability" shall be an offence</p>	Final Year	  <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556907° Long 78.502518° 14/03/22 10:02 AM</p>	  <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556276° Long 78.502433° 14/03/22 01:18 PM</p>		
22	3/15/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -18 (1). abolishes all titles. It prohibits the State to confer titles on anybody whether a citizen or a non-citizen. Military and academic distinctions are, however, exempted from the prohibition. (2). No citizen of india shall accept any title from any</p>	Second Year	  <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.557105° Long 78.502767° 15/03/22 10:02 AM</p>	  <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556294° Long 78.502403° 15/03/22 01:17 PM</p>		

23	3/16/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -18 (3). No person who is not a Citizen of India shall, while he holds any office of profit or trust under the state, accept without the consent of state.</p>	First Year	 <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556493° Long 78.502286° 16/03/22 09:56 AM</p>	 <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556388° Long 78.502306° 16/03/22 01:08 PM</p>		
24	3/17/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article -18 (4). No Person holding any office of profit or trust under the state, without the consent of the President, accept any present emolument, or office of any kind from or under any</p>	Second Year	 <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556252° Long 78.502352° 17/03/22 09:54 AM</p>	 <p>Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh, India Z P High school road, RRN Colony, Madanapalle, Andhra Pradesh 517325, India Lat 13.556274° Long 78.502365° 17/03/22 01:15 PM</p>		

25	3/19/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35} According to Article 19 (a) – Freedom of Speech and Expression – (b) Freedom of Speech and Expression (c) Freedom of Association or Union (d) Freedom to move freely throughout the Territory of India (e) Freedom to reside and settle in any part of the territory of India (f) Freedom to practice any profession or to carry on any occupation trade or business.</p>	First Year				
26	3/21/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35} According to Article 19(1)(a) – Freedom of Speech and Expression – Freedom of speech is an indispensable element of any democratic country. It is the basis of civilization, and without it, liberty of thought would shrivel. Freedom of speech and expression provides the right to express one's opinion freely without any fear through any medium. The word "press" is also included under this provision</p>	Second Year				

27	3/22/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 19(1)(b) – Freedom of Assembly – The Constitution allows us the right to hold meetings and take out processions. These processions and meetings may be restricted in the interest of public order or sovereignty.</p> <p>This article has also been revived and interpreted by the Apex Court several times. Section 144(6) of the CrPC, can be imposed by the Government of India in some areas which make the assembly of five or more people an unlawful assembly.</p> <p>This provision was challenged in the case of Kamla Kant Mishra and Ors. v. The state of Bihar on the ground that it violates Article 19(1) of the Constitution of India</p>	First Year			
28	3/23/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 19(1)(c) – Freedom of Association or Union –</p> <p>The Constitution of India declares that all citizens of India shall have the right to form associations and unions. The Constitution of India declares that no citizen has a fundamental right under Article 19(1)(c) to be a voluntary association or a cooperative society. The right to be a member of the same is governed by the provisions of the statute. So, the right to be or to continue being a member of any society is a statutory right.</p>	Second Year			
29	3/24/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 19(1)(d) – Freedom to move freely throughout the territory of India –</p> <p>No person can be restricted to move from one part of the State to another. The freedom of movement under Article 19 allows us to move from one state to another and anywhere within the State. There are certain exceptions to this freedom too.</p>	First Year			

30	3/25/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 19(1)(e) – Freedom to reside and settle in any part of the territory of India – As citizens of India, we can reside in any part of the country, which is subject to certain restrictions imposed by the State. An Indian Citizen can reside in any state except the state of Jammu and Kashmir.</p>	Second Year	 	 		
31	1/25/1900	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 19(1)(f) – Freedom to practice any profession, or to carry on any occupation, trade or business – The Constitution of India guarantees each citizen the right to conduct trade, profession, business, or occupation anywhere in the territory of India.</p>	First Year	 	 		
32	1/27/1900	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 20(1) – No person shall be convicted of any offence except for violation of a law in force at the time of the commission of the Act charged as an offence, nor be subjected to a penalty greater than that which might have been inflicted under the law in force at the time of the commission of the offence.</p>	Second Year	 	 		

33	3/29/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 20(2) –No person shall be prosecuted and punished for the same offence more than once.</p> <p>According to Article 20(3)-No person accused of any offence shall be compelled to be a witness against himself.</p>	First Year				
34	3/30/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 21 – No person shall be deprived of his life or personal liberty except according to procedure established by law.</p>	Second Year				
35	3/31/2022	<p>Part III Fundamental Rights {Articles 12 to 35}</p> <p>According to Article 21(A) –The state shall provide free and compulsory education to all children of the age of Six to Fourteen years in such manner as the state may, by law, determine.</p>	First Year				